DOCUMENT No. 5301

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Evidence of NX 40912 Private JCHN LESLIE SEARANT.

John Leslie SEARANT, being duly sworn by His Honour, states:

My full number, name, rank and unit are NX.40912 Private John Leslie Searant, 8th Div. A.A.S.C., attached to 2/21 Aust. Infantry Battalion. My home address is Lambeth Street, Glen Innes, N.S.W.

I was taken prisoner on 3 February 1942 at Ambon, and confined at Tan Toey. I was released on 10 September 1945.

I saw the beating of the Dutch personnel on 12 July 1942. About 30 were beaten altogether. They were beaten up on the hall at the H.Q., about 250 to 300 yards from the camp. The Japanese guards hit them with sticks, piece of iron, pick handles and anything they could lay hold of. They were hit all over the body and head for about 20 minutes or half an hour; it may have been longer. Even after they had fallen down the guards continued to beat them. This was witnessed by most of the men in the camp. I could not identify any particular guard engage on this beating.

I saw the Japanese place a large number of bombs in a transport shed in the centre of the camp area in about October 1942. They were placed in the officers' quarters and about 50 or 70 yards from the hospital. The Americans bombed the camp on 15 February 1943. There were no markings on the camp to show that it contained prisoners-of-war. As a result of the dump being hit, 10 men were killed and quite a number injured by shrapnel.

I saw the beating of about 23 Australian prisoners on about 19 or 20 November 19/42. These men had been accused of breaking camp. The Japanese took them up the hill to the Headquarters where they belted them until they could not stand. Those who could not stand were tied exect to a tree. The guards used pick handles and pieces o hose pipe to belt the Australians. They were hit mainly around the back. Eleven in particular were belted all over the body.

A Japanese guard nickmamed "Gold Tooth" was one involved in the beating I cannot identify any of the others.

I saw eight of the men who came back to the camp after the beating. They were very badly bruised down the backs of the legs and on the buttocks. I did not see the eleven again. I saw them being taken away from the hill, some in a staff car and some in a truck, but never saw them again.

I was put on the "long carry" 13 times during 1944. The last occasion was just before Christmas. The distance of the long carry was about

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eight miles over very rough, rugged country made up of broken coral with gullies and steep hills. We had to go on all fours sometimes to crawl up the hills. It took us about five hours to complete the journey with a load. I carried bags of cement and 150-lb. bombs. The bags of cement weighed 94 lbs. Two men were detailed for each bag; when one could carry it no further the other took over. The Japanese guards did not actually bash us but made us hurry along. Sometimes we had good guards who would give us a fair go, but on one occasion we were guarded by some Moreans who kept us moving all the time.

At that time my weight was about 7 stone 6 lbs. My normal weight is 10 stone 6 lbs. I was in hospital just a fter we were taken prisoner but not after that.

I used to go out on working parties. We did all classes of work, such as carrying cocoanut logs, digging tunnels and building tank traps and pillboxes; we also had to carry cement blocks. While I was on these working parties I received quite a few bashings for trying to ease up on the work a bit. In the majority of cases, it was for no reason at all. We were given four or five smacks across the buttocks with a stick and a couple of times were hit on the head. I was knocked over a couple of times. I do not know the names of any of the guards involved in this. While digging the base for an oil tank on one occasion I saw a Japanese guard nicknamed "Five in one" bash some of the Australians. He used to smack them on the face with his hand and knock them down; when they had fallen he used to kick them.

I certify that the above evidence is true and correct.

Taken and sworn before me at Morotai
)
on this 25th day of September 1945

A. MANSFIELD

Commissioner

Commissioner

1-1065

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ジョン、レスリー、シーラント電船ッテ鉄道ス数ノ空

名, 香號, 階級及所聞(

民会 ジョン、フィリー、シーレント

道馆 豪州軍步兵大陸 为所周

A A B D 第八師国B N 第四〇九一二番

住所 ニュー・サウス・ウェールス領クレーン、インス町ラン

ベス街

シタッン」 デ循ヘラン「タン、トーエイ」 二枚容サンマなく一丸四二年(昭和十七年) 二月三日「アンド

マシタ。 ない一九四五年(昭和二十年) ル月十日放死サレ

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私(一九四二年 (昭和十七年) 十月頃 私(日本兵 ガ陳嘗ノ中央ニアル臨是車車車ニ多強ノ躁彈ヲ置 タノラ見マシタッ ソノ原理へ病院カラ五十乃至右十マード位、土官 宿所二畳カレマシタ。一九四三年(昭和十八年) 二月十五日アメリカ軍へ收容所ノば曝シマシタガ ソノ收答所二八補鹽收答所トモ何トモ標題八出テ 居マセンデシタ。投下標準へ通中シタ結果十人位 ガ窓サレ榴霰弾デ多鎖ノモノガはキマシタッ 私(一九四二年(昭和十七年)十一月十九日又(二十日頃紀二十三名ノ藤淵兵ノ河山が震ラレティ タノヲ見マシタ此ノ人違ハ收容がソ臨出シタコト ニョリ告訴サレタノデアリマス日本兵ハ彼ララ丘 ノ上ノ本部ニ連行シ立ツテ唇ラレナイ位マデ帶皮 デ護リッケマシタ、立テナクナツタモノハ樹二風 直ニク、リッケマシタ發傷兵へば別兵ラヒッパタ クノニ衛際ノ術ダトカホース等フ用イマシタ、日 本兵へ主三背ラガテマシタガ待二十一名ノ者へ終 中陸カマワズ打グレマシタ。 「金、茵」ト語名サレタ日本、賀伽兵へ比歐行ニ

遠界シテ唇リマシタガ私へ他ノモノハ傷ヒ出シマ

見マシダ彼ラハ即部ノ管部や臀部フヒドク対震傷 受ケテ唇マシタ。 散ハソノナーハノモノニ! 医ト **適ヒマセンデシッ多分価付ケノ湿 返直カッラック** デ圧上カラ能二巻サレクモノト届ヒマス。私ハソ ノ凡々ニモウ塗ヘマセンデシタ。 枚(一九回回年 (昭和十九年) / 同二十三回所謂 「長距離は送」と命ゼラレマシメッソノ最後ノ場 合ハ丁度、「クリスマス」ノ直前デンタリノ長距離 韓芸へ約入壁位と距離デ、形ノ並ハナイ珊瑚カラ 成ル瞭シイ谷や丘ノアル領ニホ汕ボナ田舎路デシ 々。な強い回り酒イニャット丘ノ難窓ラネバナラ ナイコトモアリマシタの監衛ラ悪ッテソノ旗ヲ終 ルノニ五時間位そカッツタコトモアリマシタ、私 **袋々百五十ポンドノ原曜ヲ還ビ** イイメイント マシタ。ソノセメント愛ハ九十川ボンドアリマシ タ。一ツノ領ラニ人デ擔任シ。ソノ一人ガソレ以 本ノ警備兵へは除二私領ラポテマセンデシタガ急 ガセマシタ、時二善良十醫館兵二階源ハレタコト

モアリマシタ、ソノ警備兵道へ派ニ歩カセテクレ

マシタガ而シ或ルトキ祝蓮ヲ治診動カシテ居ツタ

私へ選ラレタ窓、吹客所二醇ヘザレタモノラス人

K ノ ド ツ d o

朝鮮出身、警備兵二附派ハレタコトモアリマシタ ソノトキなノ軽く七ストンスポンド/一〇回ポン ド/デシタガ私へ不師十ストンスポンド/一四大 ポンド/アリマシク。なへ補露ニナツタ當時入院 シマシタガソノ後ハソンナ取張ヒヲ受ケタコトハ アリトカソッ 私へ常二勞發班二加ワリマシタ。改建八凡コル等 即と婆シァシの砂へパニアナットと聞き選ンダリ トンネルや監章襲ヲ彌々リ、小舎ノ蓮テ々リナン 力致シャシタ。 社嫌 八 スャメント 河ヲ 選 ビャシタ **弦 対 等 答 跳 三 層 シ ラ 唇 々 問 こ 、 ふ ハ 少 ひ 仕 事 ラ ナ** マケマシタノデ、二三回還打サレマシタ。大部分 八全夕理由ノナイコトデス。私述八枝子四五同才 際ト、二三回頭を誤テレマシタ。私へ二回程コツ ピドクャツ、ケラレマシタ。私へ是レニ袋加シタ 警備兵ノ名前ヲ知リマセンな 塗 刀強槽ノ基礎工事 「一人が五 ラヤツ子居タトキ私へ日本ノ節領兵デ 人前」ト綽名ノ附ィタモッガ他ノ歐洲兵ヲ強クヤ ツァケティルノヲ見マシタ、彼ハイツデモ平手デ 顔回り誤リンケルメデス、ソシテ側レルト臨飛へ